1288. The business done by the British fire companies resulted in a balance in their favour of \$452,941, being a decrease of \$17.073, as compared with 1891, as shown by the following statement:

1891.		1892.
2,553,162 1,165,995	8	2,878,149 1,375,115
3,719,157 4,189,171	8	4,253,264 4,706,205
470,014	<u>s</u>	452,941
	2,553,162 1,165,995 3,719,157 4,189,171	2,553,162 8

The adverse balance, which had been in existence every year since 1877, when occurred the disastrous fire at St. John, N.B., and when the losses paid by British companies amounted to four and one-half millions, was reversed in 1887, when a favourable balance of \$341,398 was shown, which was increased in 1888 to \$1,094,894, further increased in 1889 to \$2,013,022, and now stands at \$3,648,958.

1289. The following is a comparative statement of the business done by United States companies in 1891 and 1892:—

Paid for losses	1891. 411,802 217,002	1892. \$ 706,903 319,562
Total	628,804 $701,183$	
Balance+8	72,379	<u>8 16,487</u>

1290. A similar comparative statement of the business done by Canadian companies is found below:—

Paid for losses	1891. 2,588,894 1,198,807 145,257	s	1892. 2,454,822 1,440,995 128,372
Total 8	3,932,958	\$	4,024,189
Received for premiums	$3,586,852 \\ 146,629$	8	3,579,894 201,061
Total	3,733,481	\$	3,780,955
Balance	\$ 199,477		243,234

1291. The Canadian companies received \$629,708 in premiums for business done in Canada, and \$1,907,652 for business done in other countries. The percentage of losses paid to premiums re-